AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Docket No.: S1459.70047US00

1. (Currently amended) An electrolyte comprising an electrolyte composition and a matrix polymer,

wherein the matrix polymer is a polymer formed by polymerization of a first compound having at least two isocyanate groups and a second compound having at least two nucleophilic groups containing active hydrogen, said polymerization being performed after a precursor for the matrix polymer is brought into contact with a surface on which the electrolyte is to be formed.

- 2. (Original) The electrolyte according to Claim 1, wherein the electrolyte composition comprises a solvent to form a gel electrolyte.
- 3. (Original) The electrolyte according to Claim 1, wherein the electrolyte composition comprises no solvent to form a solid electrolyte.
- 4. (Original) The electrolyte according to Claim 1, wherein the electrolyte composition comprises an ionic liquid to form a gel electrolyte.
- 5. (Original) The electrolyte according to Claim 1, wherein the electrolyte composition comprises a redox couple.
- 6. (Previously presented) The electrolyte according to Claim 5, wherein the redox couple is a combination of a halogen ion and a halide ion.
- 7. (Previously presented) The electrolyte according to Claim 6, wherein a halogen portion of the redox couple is iodine.
- 8. (Previously presented) A photocell comprising: a semiconductor layer composed of semiconductor particles carrying a dye and an electrolyte layer, the layers being provided between a

counter electrode and an electrode formed on a surface of a substrate;

wherein the electrolyte layer has a redox couple, an electrolyte composition, and a matrix polymer; and

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wherein the matrix polymer is a polymer formed by polymerization of a first compound having at least two isocyanate groups and a second compound having at least two nucleophilic groups containing active hydrogen.

- 9. (Original) The photocell according to Claim 8, wherein the substrate is a transparent substrate.
- 10. (Currently amended) A method for manufacturing a photocell comprising:

injecting a mixed solution between a counter electrode and an electrode formed on a surface of a substrate, the <u>mixture mixed solution</u> containing a first compound having at least two isocyanate groups, a second compound having at least two nucleophilic groups containing active hydrogen, and an electrolyte composition having a redox couple; and

polymerizing the first compound and the second compound <u>after the mixed solution is</u> brought into contact with the electrode formed on the surface of the substrate.

- 11. (Previously presented) The method for manufacturing a photocell, according to Claim 10, further comprising forming a semiconductor layer, composed of semiconductor particles carrying a dye, between the electrode and the counter electrode.
- 12. (Currently amended) The method for manufacturing a photocell, according to Claim 10, wherein the polymerizing is performed in accordance with <u>a</u> Michael addition reaction.
- 13. (Original) The method for manufacturing a photocell, according to Claim 10, wherein the electrolyte composition has a redox couple.
- 14. (Previously presented) A method for manufacturing a photocell comprising:

forming a semiconductor layer composed of semiconductor particles carrying a dye between a counter electrode and an electrode formed on a surface of a substrate;

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applying a first compound having at least two isocyanate groups and a second compound having at least two nucleophilic groups containing active hydrogen; and polymerizing the first compound and the second compound.